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### What other countries do

Nuclear energy, 2001

Country	% nuclear	Electricity liberalisation	Waste
France	77	Slow and reluctant	Reprocesses
Japan	34	Just starting	Sends to Britain
Germany	31	EU laggard	Stores
Britain	23	Ahead of most EU	Reprocesses
United States	20	Yes, botched in California	Stores

Sources: www.world-nuclear.org; The Economist

## Poor but impressive

Wealth and health

	Ba	angladesh	India	Pakistan
Income per	1990	540	874	1,200
person, \$PPP*	2011	1,909	3,663	2,786
Life expectancy	1990	59	58	61
at birth, years	2010	69	65	65
Infant (aged <1)	1990	97	81	95
deaths per 1,000 live births	2011	37	47	59
Child (aged <5)	1990	139	114	122
deaths per 1,000 live births	2011	46	61	72
Maternal deaths	1990	800	600	490
per 100,000 live births	2010	194†	200	260
Infant immunisation	1990	64	59	48
rate, %	2008	94	66	80
Female (aged	1991	38	49	na
15-24) literacy rate, %	2009	77	74	61
Underweight	1990	62	60	39
children, % of total	2007	36 <sup>†</sup>	44	31

#### The list

Earnings of American college graduates\*, \$'000

Ranked by performance beyond expectations  Earnings			formance over	
Highest		median†	The state of the s	
Washington & Lee (VA)	55.3	77.6	22.3	
Babson (MA)	66.6	85.5	18.9	
Villanova (PA)	60.2	73.7	13.5	
Harvard (MA)	74.0	87.2	13.2	
Otis Col. Art & Design (CA)	28.9	42.0	13.1	
Lehigh (PA)	64.6	76.8	12.2	
Texas A & M Int. (TX)	33.6	45.2	11.6	
Bentley (MA)	63.6	74.9	11.4	
Cal. State - Bakersfield (CA	37.0	48.1	11.1	
Penn State - Schuylkill (PA)	36.4	47.5	11.0	
Lowest				
Swarthmore (PA)	58.4	49.4	9.0	
Wheaton (IL)	51.7	42.6	9.1	
Ohio State (OH)	51.9	42.6	9.3	
Yale (CT)	75.8	66.0	9.8	
Rice (TX)	69.7	59.9	9.8	
American Inst. of Bus. (IA)	47.3	37.2	10.1	
Johnson & Wales (RI)	45.5	35.1	10.4	
Earlham (IN)	43.0	32.3	10.7	
St John's (MD)	48.3	34.3	14.0	
Cooper Union (NY)	69.7	53.7	16.0	

Sources: US Dept. of Education; The Economist

\*Students from 1,308 colleges, who applied for federal aid; excluding vocational colleges †2011

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#### Busy busy busy

	Year started	Number of staff	Budget, \$bn, 2007*	What it does
Some of the Ut	N programme	es and funds		
UNCTAD	1964	450	0.1	Integration of developing countries into the world economy
UNEP	1972	890	0.2	Promotes the environment
UNICEF	1946	7,200	3.1	Assistance to children and mothers in developing countries
UNDP	1965	5,300	4.9	Helps countries in their economic development
UNHCR	1950	6,300	1.0	Protection of refugees and resolution of refugee problems
WFP	1963	10,600	3.0†	Food for emergency needs and economic development
Some of the sp	ecialised ago	encies		
ILO	1919	1,900	0.5	Rights at work and employment opportunities
FA0	1945	3,600	0.8	Food and agriculture including forestry and fisheries
UNESCO	1942	2,100	0.7	Education, science, culture and communication
WH0	1948	8,000	1.6	Co-ordinating health matters
World Bank‡	1944	10,000	26.89	Technical advice, loans, credits and grants for poverty reduction and the improvement of living standards
IMF	1944	2,500	0.9	Monitoring countries' economic and financial development, lending for balance-of-payments difficulties
IFAD	1976	430	0.1	Rural poverty
UNIDO	1966	650	0.2	Promotes growth in small and medium enterprises
Related organi	sations			
WTO (GATT)	1948	625	0.2	Trade agreements, negotiations and disputes
IAEA	1957	2,200	0.3	Scientific and technical co-operation in nuclear technologies; nuclear safeguards and inspections
Other organisa	tions			
OECD	1961	2,500	0.5	Analyses and forecasts economic development, research on trade, environment, agriculture, technology, taxation
BIS	1930	578	0.2	Co-operation among central banks, monetary and financial stability

<sup>\*</sup>Regular budget and extrabudgetary resources †2005 ‡Includes IDA (low-income) and IBRD (middle-income) §FY07: administrative budget \$2.1bn, commitments \$24.7bn